IT 05-0050-GIL 12/22/2005 SUBTRACTION MODIFICATIONS - OTHER RULINGS

General Information Letter: Response to survey regarding Illinois taxation of municipal bonds.

December 22, 2005

Dear:

This is in response to your letter dated November 25, 2005 in which you request answers to a survey on Illinois taxation of municipal bonds. According to the Department of Revenue ("Department") regulations, the Department may issue only two types of letter rulings: Private Letter Rulings ("PLR") and General Information Letters ("GIL"). The regulations explaining these two types of rulings issued by the Department can be found in 2 III.Adm.Code §1200, or on the website http://www.revenue.state.il.us/legalinformation/regs/part1200.

Due to the nature of your inquiry and the information presented in your letter, we are required to respond with a GIL. GILs are designed to provide background information on specific topics. GILs, however, are not binding on the Department.

You requested the following in your November correspondence:

We are currently reviewing your state's tax treatment of municipal bond income for the 2006 tax year. We collect this data annually for the benefit of COMPANYS clients who are residents of your state. While we realize your state's tax laws could change during the course of the year, we intend to publish available data by March 1, 2006. Therefore, we would appreciate a response by February 15 with the **best current available information** for the 2006 tax year. If 2006 information is not yet available, please provide information on currently effective tax law. Please inform us of the following:

- 1) How does your state account for federal and state tax deductibility on federal and state income tax returns? (circle one)
 - a) **One-way deductible** The only deduction available to taxpayers is the deduction of state and local taxes paid from the federal income tax base.
 - b) **Cross-deductible** Taxpayers deduct state and local taxes paid from federal tax base and also deduct federal taxes paid from state income tax base.
 - c) Cross-deductible with add-back Same as cross-deductible, but also requires the taxpayer to add-back to his or her state income tax base all state and local taxes paid which were deducted from federal taxable income.
 - d) **Piggyback tax** Taxpayers deduct state and local taxes from federal taxable income as in the one-way deductible method. However, the state income tax is a percentage of the federal tax liability.
 - e) **Double-deductible** Taxpayers deduct state taxes paid from federal taxable income and also from the state income tax base.
 - f) **No state tax** At this time this state does not levy a state income tax.
 - g) **Other** Please explain the method your state uses to calculate an effective state tax rate.

REPLY: Illinois does not allow for the subtraction of federal taxes and requires the adding back of Illinois income taxes subtracted from federal adjusted gross income.

- 2) Does your state tax municipal bond income on **out-of-state** municipal bonds? Yes or No (circle one)
 - a) If your state generally does tax municipal bond income on out-of-state municipal bonds, are any bonds issued in other states or the District of Columbia exempt from state taxation (not including Puerto Rico, Guam and other U.S. territories)?

REPLY: Yes, these sums are added back to federal adjusted gross income under Illinois Income Tax Act (hereafter referred to as "IITA") Section 203(a)(2)(A) which states:

- (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income, except stock dividends of qualified public utilities described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 3) Does your state tax municipal bond income on in-state municipal bonds? Yes or No (circle one)

If the income from only certain municipal bonds is exempt from state taxation, pleaseinclude the section of your state tax code that lists those bonds which are state tax exempt.

REPLY: The IITA allows for the subtraction from adjusted gross income of certain sources. IITA Section 203(a)(2)(N) states:

(N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

Accordingly, if authorized by statute or the Constitution, bonds may be exempt from the Illinois income tax. Enclosed please find a copy 86 Ill.Admin.Code §100.2470 which lists the bonds currently excludable from income.

4) Are intangible taxes levied in your state on in-state municipal bonds? Yes or No (circle one) If yes, is there an exempted amount?

Are intangible taxes levied in your state on out-of-state municipal bonds?

Yes or No (circle one)

If Yes, is there an exempted amount?

If so, please send us all the pertinent information relating to intangible taxes in your state.

REPLY: Article IX, Section 5(b) of the Illinois Constitution forbids ad valorum personal property taxes. Therefore, Illinois does not impose intangible taxes on either in-state or out-of-state municipal bonds.

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5) Please complete or attach the current rate(s) of taxation and include the graduated income levels if applicable, for the 2006 tax year.

2006 Tax Year

Single Return		Joint Return	
Taxable Income	State Tax Rate (%)	Taxable Income	State Tax Rate (%)
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REPLY: Article IX, Section 3(a) of the Illinois Constitution forbids a graduated income tax. Individuals are taxed at the rate of 3%. C corporations are taxed at 4.8%. Certain entities pay an additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax at the following rates: C corporations, 2.5%; S corporations, 1.5%; Trusts, 1.5%; and Partnerships, 1.5%.

Were there any changes to your state's tax code in 2005 or are changes pending for 2006 that would affect holders of municipal bonds?

REPLY: None at this time.

As stated above, this is a general information letter which does not constitute a statement of policy that either applies, interprets or prescribes tax law. It is not binding on the Department. Should you have additional questions, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Sincerely,

Heidi Scott Staff Attorney -- Income Tax